FROM: 54001048

TO:

SUBJECT: SUBMISSION TO SULLIVAN

DATE: 07/21/2023 07:24:07 PM

х

Raheem J. Brennerman Reg. No. 54001-048 FCI Allenwood Low Federal Correctional Institution P. O. Box 1000 White Deer, Pa. 17887-1000

Hon. Richard J. SULLIVAN
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
Southern District of New York
Daniel Patrick Moynihan U.S. Courthouse
500 Pearl Street
New York, New York 10007

-and-

Ruby J. KRAJICK
Clerk of Court
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
Southern District of New York
Daniel Patrick Moynihan U.S. Courthouse
500 Pearl Street
New York, New York 10007

July 18, 2023

BY CERTIFIED FIRST CLASS MAIL

Regarding: United States v. Brennerman, Criminal case no. 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS)
PETITIONER-DEFENDANT'S RESPONSE TO THIS COURT'S ORDER
AT EFC No. 304 IN SEEKING RELIEF.

Dear Judge Sullivan:

Petitioner-Defendant Pro Se Raheem Jefferson Brennerman ("Brennerman") respectfully submits this correspondence in response to this Court's Order at EFC No. 304 in seeking relief.

It bears noting -- that this Court was presented with evidence of CRIME and Misconduct it perpetuated against Brennerman (see appended May 11, 2023 submission and exhibits), where this Court intentionally misrepresented (fabricated) evidence to falsely satisfy the law and federal bank fraud statute to wrongly convict and falsely imprison Brennerman -- yet this Court is unable to refute or rebut the evidence. Such conduct by this Court is in tension with its promulgated "respect for dignity of the proceeding."

Instead, in a self-serving circuitous endeavor to distract from the core issue, this Court further engages in an endeavor to conceal the submissions made by Brennerman on May 24 and June 5, 2023, by reciting irrelevant case laws as reasons for not docketing submissions in a criminal proceeding, and stating that Brennerman's May 24th and June 5th submissions clearly do not meet the standard of "judicial documents" that are "relevant to the performance of the judicial function and

useful in the judicial process." Of course such statement is self-serving, and this Court cannot point to any relevant Federal Rule of Criminal or Civil Procedure which deals with this specific circumstance, where the judge who presided over a criminal proceeding intentionally fabricates evidence to falsely satisfy the law and federal statute to falsely imprison the criminal defendant.

Furthermore, the case laws cited by this Court in its Order are irrelevant in a criminal proceeding where the Sixth Amendment right of the United States Constitution is sacrosanct. The Sixth Amendment right is further enunciated through the Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 49.

The Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 49(b)(5) stipulates: "Acceptance by the Clerk: The clerk must not refuse to file a paper solely because it is not in the form prescribed by these rules or by a local rule or practice." Nothing contained within the Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 49 or any other Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure permits the clerk of Court to first provide submissions in a criminal case to Judge Sullivan so that he may decide which is comfortable for him and which is not. Instead, the pertinent Federal Rule simply directs the clerk of Court to docket on public record, all submissions by a criminal defendant prior to the Court, here Judge Sullivan, adjudicating on the issue. That has not been the case here because of this Court's endeavor to conceal the evidence.

This Court in further endeavor to justify intentionally misrepresenting (fabricating) evidence to falsely satisfy the law and federal bank fraud statute, states that the Second Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals affirmed Brennerman's conviction and sentence, yet this Court ignored its own recent promulgation which directly undermined the Second Circuit's affirmation where this Court admitted on record that there was no federal jurisdiction and No FDIC insured institution implicated here hence the Second Circuit Court's affirmation was erroneous (see appended May 11, 2023 submission and exhibits)

Moreover, it was during the adjudication of Brennerman's Collateral Attack petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 2255, that this Court (Judge Sullivan) stated on record that Brennerman's trial counsel proved that there was no FDIC insured institution implicated, hence there was no federal jurisdiction to indict much less convict Brennerman for federal bank fraud thus highlighting that the Second Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals' decision to affirm Brennerman's conviction and sentence was erroneous and further highlighting that this Court had intentionally misrepresented (fabricated) evidence during sentencing when the Court denied Brennerman's Rule 29 motion for judgment of acquittal to falsely imprison him (Brennerman).

Brennerman's submissions to the Court is not an endeavor to promulgate through "twitter" nor are the submissions intended for "tweets." Instead Brennerman, a criminal defendant, presents evidence of this Court's intentional misrepresentation (fabrication) of evidence to falsely satisfy the law and federal bank fraud statute so as to wrongly convict and falsely imprison Brennerman, thereby exhibiting partiality and interest in the outcome of the criminal proceeding. Such conduct by

this Court is in danger of impairing....judicial efficiency and it violates respect and dignity of the proceeding.

Brennerman respectfully submits the above in an endeavor to seek relief from this Court's misconduct cited above. There

are no Federal Rule of Criminal or Civil Procedure which Brennerman could invoke for this specific relief.

Dated: July 18, 2023 White Deer, Pa. 17887-1000

Respectfully submitted

/s/ Raheem J. Brennerman RAHEEM JEFFERSON BRENNERMAN FCI Allenwood Low Federal Correctional Institution P. O. Box 1000 White Deer, Pa. 17887-1000

Pro Se Petitioner-Defendant.

FOOTNOTE(S):

- 1. While this Court purports to hold Brennerman's submissions under seal for appellate review. Those submissions are not docketed under seal as is normal, hence no record of the submissions exist on the docket appropriate for appellate review.
- 2. The issues presented here do not require a second and successive 2255 petition as those issues are substantially the same as presented within the Collateral Attack petition at EFC Nos. 269, 270, 272, 274, 288, 290, 298 however this Court intentionally obfuscated the issues in an endeavor to conceal its CRIME and Misconduct against Brennerman.
- 3. The voluntary withdrawal of appeal at 23-329 was because that appeal was initiated at the behest of Judge Sullivan and duplicates the existing appeal from the denial of the Omnibus Motion including Collateral Attack petition at 23-6180.

ROW TRO SECRET

FROM: 54001048

TO:

SUBJECT: SUBMISSION TO COURT (17-cr-0337 (RJS))

DATE: 05/11/2023 05:53:40 PM

x

2023 HER 15 PH 1: 07

Raheem J. Brennerman Reg. No. 54001-048 FCI Allenwood Low Federal Correctional Institution P. O. Box 1000 White Deer, Pa. 17887-1000

Hon. Richard J. SULLIVAN
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
Southern District of New York
Thurgood Marshall U.S. Courthouse
40 Foley Square
New York, New York 10007

-and-

Ruby KRAJICK
Clerk of Court
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
Southern District of New York
Daniel Patrick Moynihan U.S. Courthouse
500 Pearl Street
New York, New York 10007

May 11, 2023

BY CERTIFIED FIRST CLASS MAIL

Regarding: United States v. Brennerman, Case no. 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS)
RESPONSE TO ORDER AT EFC NOS. 289, 291 AND NOTIFICATION OF VIOLATION
OF THE LAW/DEFENDANT'S HUMAN, CIVIL & CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS, IN
SEEKING APPROPRIATE RELIEF (THE "RELIEF")

Dear Judge Sullivan:

Defendant Pro Se Raheem J. Brennerman ("Brennerman") respectfully submits this correspondence in response to this Court's order at EFC Nos. 289, 291 and to notify this Court of its violation of the law/Defendant's human, civil and Constitutional rights, in seeking appropriate relief (the "Relief").

DISCUSSION:

On June 24, 2018, Brennerman submitted at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 167, copies of Government exhibits - GX1-57; GX1-57A; GX529: GX 1-73 which were adduced at trial to demonstrate that he (Brennerman) interacted with Scott Stout and Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC where he (Brennerman) opened his wealth management brokerage account. Brennerman's aforesaid submissions was to bolster his argument for judgment of acquittal pursuant to Rule 29 of the Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure (Fed. R. Crim. P. 29), arguing that all evidence adduced by the Government at trial demonstrated and highlighted that his interaction was with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC and that Government witness,

Barry Gonzalez, the FDIC commissioner testified that Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC was not FDIC insured hence there was no federal jurisdiction to even indict (charge) him (Brennerman) much less prosecute and conviction him for bank fraud and conspiracy to commit bank fraud. The basis for the motion pursuant to Rule 29 of the Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure was for this Court to acquit him of the bank fraud charges even where the jury had capriciously convicted him because jurors are unfamiliar with the legal standards and the law.

A copy of the submission at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 167 is appended to this correspondence as "Exhibit C" On November 19, 2018, during sentencing at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 206 (Sentencing Tr. 19:12-22), Judge Sullivan stated:

".....But the bank fraud was a scheme or artifice to defraud the private banking arm of Morgan Stanley to enable Mr. Brennerman to get access to the perks which are tangible. They're worth money, free checking, among them. I don't get that. And some other perks. But also to get more intangible perks, which would be access to other arms of the Morgan Stanley family of entities.

I'm only really focused on the first category here. It seems to me the first category here, there's been no evidence that I've seen that suggests that was worth more than \$6,500 or so."

A copy of the excerpt from the Sentencing Transcript cited above is appended to this correspondence as "Exhibit A" On November 19, 2018, Judge Sullivan made such promulgation after denying the motion for judgment of acquittal filed pursuant to Rule 29 of the Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure (Fed. R. Crim. P. 29), where argument was that evidence adduced at trial demonstrated that Brennerman interacted with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC where he maintained a wealth management account. And that trial testimony demonstrated that Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC is not FDIC insured, hence there was no violation of the federal bank fraud statute or jurisdiction to convict him. See 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 167. However, Judge Sullivan denied the motion arguing that Brennerman defrauded the private banking arm of Morgan Stanley which is FDIC insured. See 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 206:19. Judge Sullivan then proceeded to sentence Brennerman.

On November 7, 2021, Brennerman signed and submitted a 442 page Omnibus motion including Collateral Attack petition at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 269. Supplemental papers and exhibits in support of the Omnibus motion was submitted at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC Nos. 270, 272, 274, 288. Among others, the crux of the argument presented was that Brennerman never or rather did not interact with the private banking arm of Morgan Stanley which is FDIC insured because all evidence adduced by Government at trial demonstrated that Brennerman interacted with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC which is not FDIC insured. Further that to convict Brennerman of bank fraud and its related conspiracy, the institution which he interacted with must be FDIC insured.

On January 3, 2023 (in-excess of 4 years after November 19, 2018), in adjudicating Brennerman's Omnibus motion including Collateral Attack petition to vacate the judgment and set-aside the sentence pursuant to 28 United States Code Section

2255 (28 U.S.C.S. 2255) at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC Nos. 269, 270, 272, 274, 288. Judge Sullivan promulgated at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 289:pgs. 6-7 that:

"......As an initial matter, the record reveals that Brennerman's counsel vigorously pursued the FDIC issue before the jury. For instance, counsel elicited testimony from a government witness that Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC was not insured by the FDIC. (Tr. at 1059:9-11.) He further elicited testimony that affiliate entities within a corporate family - like Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC and Morgan Stanley & Company, LLC - must obtain "separate certificate[s] of insurance to be FDIC insured." (Tr. at 1060:24-1061:5). In summation, Brennerman's counsel again argued that "the law absolutely requires that the bank...targeted in a fraud....be insured by the FDIC" (Tr. at 1538:9-10), and that "Brennerman was not looking to take....money" from "wealth management arm of Morgan Stanley.....the only arm of Morgan Stanley [at issue] that was FDIC insured" (Tr. at 1539:9-14). In short, Brennerman's allegation that his counsel failed to press the FDIC argument before the jury is plainly contradicted by the record"

A copy of the excerpt from Judge Sullivan's January 3, 2023 promulgation cited above is appended to this correspondence as "Exhibit B"

Judge Sullivan's Jan. 3, 2023 promulgation at 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 289:pgs. 6-7 was in significant contradiction to his prior promulgation on November 19, 2018 at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 206:19 when he (Judge Sullivan) sentenced Brennerman, specifically the statement: "....For instance, counsel elicited testimony from a government witness that Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC was not insured by the FDIC. (Tr. at 1059:9-11)..." demonstrates, first, that the Court (Judge Sullivan) lacked jurisdiction to convict and sentence Brennerman for conspiracy to commit bank fraud in violation of 18 United States Code Section 1349 (18 U.S.C.S. 1349) and bank fraud in violation of 18 United States Code Section 1344 (18 U.S.C.S. 1344). Second, that Brennerman did not violate the federal bank fraud statute. Third, that Judge Sullivan intentionally misrepresented (fabricated) the evidence on November 19, 2018 at 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 2016:19, by surreptitiously supplanting Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC ("MSSB") which is not FDIC insured (and all evidence adduced at trial demonstrated Brennerman interacted with) with the private banking arm of Morgan Stanley ("MSPB") which is FDIC insured, so as to falsely satisfy the law and federal statute, and finally, that the adjudication of Brennerman's direct appeal by the Second Circuit U.S. Court of Appeals was erroneous where the Second Circuit panel Court intentionally generalized Morgan Stanley as a single entity without considering the trial records which Judge Sullivan now succinctly outline in his Jan. 3, 2023 promulgation.

Judge Sullivan further cites to other erroneous promulgation by the Second Circuit panel Court with respect to the ICBC document including the transaction underwriting file, where they falsely stated: "[t]he only indication that such documents are extant comes from Brennerman's bare assertion." Brennerman II, 818 F. App'x at 30. This was even after Brennerman submitted the trial records with his Collateral Attack petition which demonstrated that government witness, Julian Madget testified on record that the ICBC document including the underwriting file which documents the basis for ICBC approving the finance [at issue], are extant and were provided to ICBC's New York based lawyers Linklaters LLP (see 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS),

Trial Tr. 551-554). Brennerman also submitted on record (at EFC No. 274) that ICBC's New York based lawyer Linklaters LLP wrote to him (Brennerman) on March 14, 2022 to confirm that they are in possession of the ICBC document, however that as a law firm, they require either an order from the Court or consent from their client to produce the ICBC document to Brennerman. Even Judge Sullivan conceded on record at trial that government witness, Julian Madgett testified that the ICBC documents are extant and with the bank's file in London, U.K. (see 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), Trial Tr. 617) as "Exhibit D" A copy of excerpt from Julian Madgett's trial testimony testifying that the ICBC documents are extant and with their New York based lawyers is appended to this correspondence as "Exhibit E"

Given the above and pursuant to Judge Sullivan's own promulgation on record (see appended "Exhibits A & B"), this Court (Judge Sullivan) exhibited partiality, first, by convicting and sentencing Brennerman for bank fraud and bank fraud conspiracy where the Court lacked jurisdiction; second, by convicting Brennerman for bank fraud and bank fraud conspiracy where no conduct violated the federal bank fraud statute; third, by this Court (Judge Sullivan) intentionally misrepresenting (fabricating) the evidence during sentencing, on Nov. 19. 2018, by surreptitiously supplanting a non-FDIC insured institution MSSB with MSPB, a FDIC insured institution, so as to falsely satisfy the law and the federal bank fraud statute to convict and imprison Brennerman.

Supreme Court precedent makes clear that a criminal defendant tried by a partial judge is entitled to have his conviction set aside no matter how strong the evidence against him. See Edward v. Balisok, 520 U.S. 641, 647, 117 S. Ct. 1684, 13 L. Ed 2d 906 (1997); Arizona v. Fulminante, 499 U.S. 279, 308, 111 S. Ct. 1246, 113 L. Ed 2d 302 (1991). Hence, the entire case and conviction should be set aside.

This correspondence and the appended exhibits are submitted pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 49(b)(2)(B)(i) in reliance on Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 49(b)(5).

CONCLUSION

For the reasons cited above, Brennerman respectfully notifies this Court of its violation of the law and Defendant's human, civil and Constitutional rights in seeking appropriate relief.

Dated: May 11, 2023 White Deer, Pa. 17887-1000

Respectfully submitted

/s/ Raheem J. Brennerman RAHEEM JEFFERSON BRENNERMAN

FROM: 54001048

TO:

SUBJECT: EXHBIT A

DATE: 05/11/2023 06:40:56 PM

EXHIBIT A

Excerpt of November 19, 2018 Sentencing Transcript at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 206:19

IBJQBREs

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are distinct crimes but they all involve the same conduct; in most cases you group them all together and you do an analysis all together. You don't count them separately and add them up. You do them together. So the conspiracy to commit bank and wire fraud, the bank fraud and the wire fraud are all treated together, and they're all covered by the same guidelines provision, which is Section 2B1.1. That's the general fraud provision under the guidelines.

Now, I do think, frankly, that it's worth pointing out that the bank fraud calculation here I think would be quite different than the wire fraud, and I guess I want to hear from the parties on that. But the bank fraud here was a scheme or artifice to defraud the private banking arm of Morgan Stanley to enable Mr. Brennerman to get access to the perks which are They're worth money, free checking among them. tangible. don't get that. And some other perks. But also to get some. more intangible perks, which would be access to other arms of the Morgan Stanley family of entities.

I'm only really focused on the first category here. It seems to me the first category here, there's been no evidence that I've seen that suggests that was worth more than \$6,500 or so.

Mr. Roos, do you disagree?

MR. ROOS: I think that's right, your Honor.

THE COURT: You agree, OK.

FROM: 54001048

TO:

SUBJECT: EXHIBIT B

DATE: 05/11/2023 06:41:37 PM

EXHIBIT B

Excerpt of Judge Sullivan's January 3, 2023 promulgation

at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 289

adequate assistance and made all significant decisions in the exercise of reasonable professional judgment. *Strickland*, 466 U.S. at 689.

With respect to *Strickland*'s second prong, a "reasonable probability" that the outcome would have been different but for counsel's deficient performance is "a probability sufficient to undermine confidence in the outcome." *Id.* at 694. "[A]n 'error by counsel, even if professionally unreasonable, does not warrant setting aside the judgment of a criminal proceeding if the error had no effect on the judgment." *Henry v. Poole*, 409 F.3d 48, 63 (2d Cir. 2005) (quoting *Strickland*, 466 U.S. at 691). In other words, to find prejudice, a court must conclude that "counsel's conduct so undermined the proper functioning of the adversarial process that the trial cannot be relied on as having produced a just result." *Id.* (quoting *Strickland*, 466 U.S. at 686).

Brennerman claims that he received ineffective assistance because his trial counsel failed to argue that Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC was not an FDIC-insured institution as required for bank fraud. He also asserts that his counsel should have obtained and introduced at trial ICBC's underwriting file and his birth certificate to "demonstrate his innocence." (Petition at 41.) None of these arguments is persuasive.

As an initial matter, the record reveals that Brennerman's counsel vigorously pursued the FDIC issue before the jury. For instance, counsel elicited testimony from a government witness that Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC was not insured by the FDIC. (Tr. at 1059:9–11.) He further elicited testimony that affiliate entities within a corporate family – like Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC and Morgan Stanley & Company LLC – must obtain "separate certificate[s] of insurance to be FDIC insured." (Tr. at 1060:24–1061:5.) In summation, Brennerman's counsel again argued that "the law absolutely requires that the bank . . . targeted in a fraud . . . be insured by the FDIC" (Tr. at 1538:9–10), and that "Brennerman was not looking to take . . . money" from

"the wealth management arm of Morgan Stanley, . . . the only arm of Morgan Stanley [at issue] that . . . was FDIC insured" (Tr. at 1539:9–14). In short, Brennerman's allegation that his counsel failed to press the FDIC argument before the jury is plainly contradicted by the record. See Slevin v. United States, 234 F.3d 1263 (2d Cir. 2000) (agreeing with the district court that the defendant failed to establish an ineffective-assistance claim because the defendant's allegations were "contradicted in several instances by evidence in the record"); Puglisi v. United States, 586 F.3d 209, 214 (2d Cir. 2009) (collecting cases). As a result, Brennerman's "bald assertion[s]" to the contrary are insufficient to meet either prong of the Strickland standard. United States v. Blau, 159 F.3d 68, 75 (2d Cir. 1998).

Brennerman's remaining allegations of ineffective assistance also fail. First, Brennerman argues that his counsel should have requested that the Court "order and compel" the production of ICBC's "pertinent underwriting file." (Petition at 39.) But as the Second Circuit ruled on direct appeal, the underwriting file allegedly possessed by ICBC was outside the scope of the government's disclosure obligations, and "[t]he only indication that such documents are extant comes from Brennerman's bare assertions." *Brennerman II*, 818 F. App'x at 30. This Court also previously denied Brennerman's discovery requests of the underwriting file on numerous occasions, finding, among other things, that this Court has no jurisdiction over ICBC—"a foreign bank located approximately 3,500 miles from the courthouse." (Doc. No. 249 at 2 (quoting *United States v. Brennerman*, No. 17-cr-155 (LAK), 2017 WL 4513563, at *2 (S.D.N.Y. Sept. 1, 2017)); see also Doc. Nos. 242, 249, 251, 253, 255.) Because it would have been "futile or frivolous" for trial counsel to request that the Court compel production of unspecified documents from an entity that was beyond the Court's jurisdiction, *United States v. Nersesian*, 824 F.2d 1294, 1322 (2d Cir. 1987), the Court cannot say that trial counsel's failure to make such a request "fell below an

FROM: 54001048

TO:

SUBJECT: EXHIBIT C

DATE: 05/11/2023 06:42:31 PM

EXHIBIT C

Government Exhibits - GX1-57; Gx1-57A; GX1-73; GX529 adduced at trial and submitted by Brennerman on record at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), EFC No. 167, demonstrating that Brennerman interacted with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, LLC

From:

BRENNERMAN, R. J @The Executive Office

To: Cc: Stout, Scott

Subject: Date: BRENNERMAN R. J@Executive Office Re: Morgan Stanley (Wealth Management) Tuesday, January 8, 2013 9:09:49 AM Morgan Stanley (Client Profile).pdf

Attachments: Importance:

High

Dear Scott,

As discussed, attached is the completed forms, as advised the account will be in the corporate name however you wanted me to also complete a form with personal information. As discussed, I will require Debit Card and AMEX card with the account.

Please let know what are the next steps.

Best Regards ·

From: Stout, Scott

Sent: Monday, December 10, 2012 1:10 PM To: mailto:rbrennerman@blacksandspacific.com

Subject: RE: 2013 Preparation

Hi RJ,

Just a reminder to get those forms to me so I can get everything in order prior to our lunch on Friday.

Thanks, Scott

Scott Stout F.A. - Wealth Management MorganStanley Direct: 310 205 4912 9665 Wilshire Blvd., 6th Floor Beverly Hills, CA 90212

http://www.morganstanley.com/fa/scott.stout

GOVERNMENT
EXHIBIT
1-57
17:Cr.337 (NS)

9665 Wilshire Boulevard Suite 600 Beverly Hills, CA 90212

Kindly provide all personal information.

For additional owners, please complete a Z^d profile.

MorganStanley SmithBarney

Full Name Kritem Jefforson BREWIERMAN
Address 245 PAKK AVENUE, 37 FL
City Now York State NEW YORK Zip Code 10167
Home Phone Business
Cell 917 649 6430 Fax 310 861 1057
SS# or Tax ID US Citizen N
Marital Status <u>Street</u> #of Dependents ハハ Date of Birth <u>CH21 78</u>
E-mail Address - Themerman & blacksonels Pacific Com
Telephone access Prompts Mother's Maiden Name
City of Birth or 1st School Attended DwlGHT
Employer BUNGSAWS METHL GNERGY LARGERATION
Nature of Business <u>Cit \$ Gris</u> Occupation <u>Cit \$ Cit's EXECUTIVE</u>
Est. Annual Compensation \$ \frac{720,00 (63\frac{520,000}{2000})}{2000}\$ Employed Since \frac{2010}{2010}
Primary Source of Income-Check all that apply
Annual Salary X Investments X Retirement Assets Amount \$
Est. Total Annual Income (all sources)
Est. Liquid Net Worth \$Est. Total Net Worth \$
Tax Bracket (percentile)
Investment Objectives: (Please rank 1 through 4, in order of priority)
Growth 1X Current Income 3 Tax Deferral 4 Liquidity × 2
Investing Since (year) Stocks 19 Bonds 19 Commodities 1 Options 0.2
Risk Tolerance (check one) Aggressive Moderate X Conservative
Speculation YesNo
Primary Financial Need: (circle one)
Wealth Accumulation. Major Purchase Healthcare Education Estate Planning Retirement Charity Income
Outside Investments: Firms Used: Equities S Fixed Income \$ Cash\$ Alt Investments
Time Horizon Liquidity Needs
Are you or anyone in your household a major share holder in a publicly traded company? Y(N)
Are you an executive of a publicly traded company? Y (N) Do you or anyone in your immediate family work for a brokerage house? Y (N)
Is anyone in your immediate family employed by CitiGroup? Y(N)
业务 1513
Please sign and date above

In order to open your account we are required to obtain this information. Thank you for assisting us.
THIS INFORMATION WILL REMAIN CONFIDENTIAL 02/2012

GOVERNMENT **EXHIBIT** 1-57A .17 Cr. 337 (RUS)

9665 Wilshire Buntevord Suite 600 Beverly Hills, CA 90212

Kindly provide all personal information. For additional owners, please complete a 2nd profile.

MorganStanley SmithBarney

Full Name TESTERSON III HOLDENSTY LLC
Address 3960 Howard Muches Parkway, Swith 500
City LAS VEGAS State Nivaba Zip Code 89169
Control of the Contro
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Marital Status Nif. #of Dependents Date of Birth
E-mail Address
Telephone access Prompts Mother's Maiden Name
City of Birth or 1 st School Attended Divilation
Employerintrestruction
Nature of Business <u>INVESTMENTS</u> Occupation
Est. Annual Compensation \$ Employed Since
Primary Source of Income-Check all that apply
Annual Salary Investments Retirement Assets Amount \$
Est. Total Annual Income (all sources)
Est. Liquid Net Worth \$Est. Total Net Worth \$
Tax Bracket (percentile)
Investment Objectives: (Please rank 1 through 4, In order of priority)
Growth _ 1 Current Income _ 2 Tax Deterral _ 3 Liquidity _ 4
Investing Since (year) Stocks 17 Bonds 77 Commodities 0 Options 02
Risk Tolerance (check one) Aggressive Moderate X_Conservative
Speculation YesNo
Primary Financial Need: (circle one)
Wealth Accumulation Major Purchase . Healthcare . Education (Estate Planning) Retirement Charity Income
Outside Investments: Firms Used: Alt Investments
Time Horizon Liquidity Needs
Are you or anyone in your household a major share holder in a publicly traded company? Y N Are you an executive of a publicly traded company? Y N Do you or anyone in your immediate family work for a brokerage house? Y N Is anyone in your immediate family employed by CitiGroup? Y N
で扱くり 1515 Please sign and date above
กเธดออ อเมเก อเหน บดเซ ดมบรช

In order to open your account we are required to obtain this information. Thank you for assisting us.

THIS INFORMATION WILL REMAIN CONFIDENTIAL 02/2012

197 - 012515 - 054 - 1 - 0

GOVERNMENT

CLIENT STATEMENT | For the Period January 431, 2013

#BWNJGWM .

RAHEEM JEFFERSON BRENNERMAN 245 PARK AVENUE 39 FLOOR NEW YORK NY 10167-4000

200,000,00

\$200,000.38

TOTAL VALUE OF YOURCCOUNT as of 1/31/13) (Total Volues Include accoured interest)

YourFinancialAdvisor Scott Stout

TOTAL VALUE LAST PERIOS of 127311773

NET CREDITS/DEBITS CHANGE IN VALUE

> 9665 WILSHIRE BLVD STE 600 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90212 Telephone: 310-285-2600 Alt. Phone: 800-458-9838 Fax: 310-285-2695 Your Branch

800-869-3326 24 Hours a Day, 7 Days a Week Client Interaction Center

www.morganstanley.com/online Access your accounts online

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC. Member SIPC.

SDNY_008384

From:

BRENNERMAN, R. J @The Executive Office

To: Cc: Stout, Scott Gevarter, Mona Re: Platinum AMEX

Subject: Date:

Wednesday, January 9, 2013 7:24:39 PM

Importance:

High

Dear Mona,

Are you able to call me on my cellphone 917 699 6430 regarding the email below

Best Regards

From: Stout, Scott

Sent: Wednesday, January 09, 2013 4:45 PM To: mailto:rbrennerman@blacksandspacific.com

Cc: Gevarter, Mona Subject: Platinum AMEX

RJ,

Please give Mona a call to set up your Platinum AMEX card. 310 205 4751.

As a Morgan Stanley perk, if you spend \$100k annually we deposit \$500 into your account to cover your annual fee (\$450).

Other MS/Platinum Perks Include:

- First Class Lounge Access
- \$200 annually in airline fee credits (checking bags, etc)
- No foreign transaction fees
- Premium upgrades for car rentals
- Concierge
- 20% Travel Bonus

Scott Stout

F.A. - Wealth Management

MorganStanley

Direct: 310 205 4912 9665 Wilshire Blvd., 6th Floor Beverly Hills, CA 90212

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17 Cr. 337 (RUS)

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FROM: 54001048

TO:

SUBJECT: EXHIBIT D

DATE: 05/11/2023 06:44:05 PM

EXHIBIT D

Excerpt of Trial transcript at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), Trial Tr. 617 where Judge Sullivan acknowledged that government witness, Julian Madgett testified that the ICBC document including the underwriting file are extant and with the bank's file in London, United Kingdom

1 Your Honor, your Honor, no. We have it MS. FRITZ: 2 here, but -3 THE COURT: You haven't served it yet? 4 MS: FRITZ: We wanted to hear what your Honor said. THE COURT: 5 In any event, the witness has indicated he 6 doesn't possess the documents, so the documents are not with 7 He doesn't have them. According to his testimony, 8 they're in London with the bank's files that he turned over 9 once the deal went south. He certainly said he didn't review them in preparation for his testimony. Whe doesn't possess them 10 11 now. So, to the extent the bank is subpoenaed with a Rule 12 13 17 subpoena, then that would be a different issue, but I don't .. 14 think serving Mr. -- who is the lawyer, Mr.? 15 MR. HESSLER: Hessler, your Honor. 16 THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Hessler. I'm sorry. I don't think serving Mr. Hessler is adequate service 17 18 for purposes of the bank. MS. FRITZ: Let me explain why we did it that way, 19 because initially last night, we had an ICBC subpoena drafted, 20 21 and the reason that we did it this way is, again, I don't 22 necessarily agree with your Honor's definition of possession. I do think that Julian Madgett, I think quite plainly, has 23 access to these documents. People very rarely walk around with . 24

the documents that you're asking for from them, but they do .

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FROM: 54001048

TO:

SUBJECT: EXHIBIT E

DATE: 05/11/2023 06:45:07 PM

EXHIBIT E

Excerpt of Trial Transcript at: 1:17-cr-0337 (RJS), Trial Tr. 551-554 where government witness, Julian Madgett testified that the ICBC document including the underwriting file which documents the basis for the bank, ICBC, approving the finance [at issue] was provided to the bank's New York based lawyers Linklaters LLP who then transmitted the documents to the United States Attorney office.

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(Jury present)

THE COURT: Okay. Have a seat. We will now begin the cross-examination of Mr. Madgett by Mr. Waller.

CROSS EXAMINATION

BY MR. WALLER:

- Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Madgett.
- 7 A. Good afternoon.
- 8 Q. When did you say you started working for ICBC?
- 9 | A. 2009.

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- 10 Q. And you work for ICBC in London, correct?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 | Q. And it is a subsidiary of a Chinese bank?
- 13 A. It is a subsidiary and a branch of a Chinese bank.
- 14 | Q. ICBC London is not FDIC insured; is that correct?.
- 15 A. You are referring to the U.S. arrangement?
- 16 Q. That's correct.
- 17 | A. No, it would not be because it's an operation in the U.K.
- 18 Q. When your credit committee makes a decision, a credit
- decision whether or not to give a loan or not to give a loan,
- 20 what sort of documentation does it produce? Does it produce a
- 21 memo that explains its reasons or analysis for giving a loan?
- 22 A. The credit committee will have a series of minutes which
- reflects a discussion of the case in credit committee and
- 24 records the decision of the credit committee.
 - Q. Did you ever produce the documents from that credit

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1 committee, the ones you just described, to the government? 2 MR. ROOS: Objection. 3 THE COURT: You can answer. 4 To my knowledge, no. But I need to state perhaps it's 5 appropriate to say this: After the loan was defaulted, the 6 internal process of the bank means that the direct relationship 7 managers who were responsible for that dialogue step away and 8 the defaulted loan is then passed to a different department. 9 So, I'm not fully aware of all aspects of what has happened to 10 the management of the loan after around April 2014. 11 And when I say produced to the government, I meant to the 12 You understood that? prosecutors here in this case. I understood that and to my knowledge, no, that has not 13 14 been the case. 15 Q. But ICBC did produce a lot of documents to the government, 16 correct? 17 All I can state is that the documents were provided to our legal advisors and then our legal advisors have interacted with 18 19 the U.S. Attorney's office. Q. Would it be fair to say that some documents that are in the 20 underwriting file for ICBC were produced to the document and 21 22 others were not? A. Some documents will have been passed across. I do not know 23 whether or not all or some. I'm not in -- I don't have that 24

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knowledge.

Case 1:17-cr-00337-RJS Document 94 Filed 12/13/17 Page 203 of 263 HBT5bre7 Madgett - cross

Is there an underwriting file for a loan application such 1 as the one we are dealing with in this case? 2 A. There would be a credit application document which is where 3 . the case for making the loan has been summarized, and that is 4 the credit application document which then goes to credit 5 6 committee for approval or decline. 7 Do you know if that -- well who would have prepared that 8 document? A. I would have been one of the main authors of that document. 9 Q. Do you know if that document was produced to the 10 11 government? I do not and I wouldn't see great relevance in it, but I do 12 not know if it has gone to the government. 13 Well, relevance is not really your determination, correct? 14 15 Correct, correct. Q. So you don't know if it was produced to the government and 16 it certainly wasn't produced to the defense, correct, by ICBC? 17 18 THE CÖURT: Well, do you know? THE WITNESS: I don't know, but I'm assuming from your 19 _20 question that it wasn't. 21 THE COURT: Well, don't assume. 22. THE WITNESS: Okay, sorry. My apologies.

THE COURT: The jury knows not to assume anything from a question. So, you just answer as to what you know.

THE WITNESS: All right.

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BY	MR.	WALLER:
	T-31-C-	AATTTTTV.

- Was there an answer?
- Could you repeat the question, please?
- Q. Yes.

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Do you know if that document that we were talking about was ever produced?

THE COURT: He answered. He said I don't know.

THE WITNESS: I don't know.

THE COURT: And then he started assuming things and that's when I jumped in.

- 11 BY MR. WALLER:
- 12 So the answer is you don't know? Q.
- 13 A. I don't know.
- 14 Now, you first met Mr. Brennerman in 2011, correct? Q.
- 15 Α. Yes.
- 16 Did you meet him in person for a meeting?
- 17 Α. Yes.
- Jumeirah Carlton Tower Hotel, does that sound right? 18
- 19 On one occasion I met him in a hotel, yes.
 - At that point when you met him I think you testified that there were no firm deals that he was bringing to you at that There were no deals that he was bringing to you, he was point?
- 23 just making an introduction?
- 24 When the initial interaction between us started, yes. Α.
- And, do you recall when the first deal was that he brought 25